

Advance information June 2022

A-level History (7042)

Version 1.0

Because of the ongoing impacts of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, we are providing advance information on the focus of June 2022 exams to help students revise.

This is the advance information for A-level History (7042), 20 Democracy and Nazism: Germany, 1918–1945.

Information

- This notice covers advanced information for **7042/20 Democracy and Nazism: Germany**, **1918–1945**.
- There are no restrictions on who can use this notice.
- This notice is meant to support final revision.
- The format/structure of the papers remains unchanged.
- You are **not** permitted to take this notice into the exam.

Advice

- Students and teachers can discuss this advance information notice.
- Questions will be drawn from one or more of the indicated areas of specification content.
- The information is presented in specification order and not in question order.
- Students will be credited for using any relevant knowledge when answering questions.
- Students will not be disadvantaged if solely using the areas indicated in this document. There is no expectation of knowledge beyond that identified in order to achieve full marks.
- It is advised that teaching and learning should still aim to address the entire subject content in the specification.

Focus of the June 2022 exam

This paper will sample from the following areas of the specification content for 7042/20.

Part one: the Weimar Republic, 1918–1933

Section one: The Establishment and early years of Weimar, 1918–1924

• The impact of war and the political crises of October to November 1918; the context for the establishment of the Weimar Constitution; terms, strengths and weaknesses

 Political instability and extremism; risings on the left and right, including the Kapp Putsch; the political impact of the invasion of the Ruhr; the Munich Putsch; problems of coalition government and the state of the Republic by 1924

Section two: The 'Golden Age' of the Weimar Republic, 1924–1928

• Germany's international position; Stresemann's foreign policy aims and achievements including: Locarno; the League of Nations; the Treaty of Berlin; the end of allied occupation and the pursuit of disarmament

Section three: The Collapse of Democracy, 1928–1933

• N/A

Part two: Nazi Germany, 1933-1945

Section four: The Nazi Dictatorship, 1933–1939

- The 'Terror State': the police, including the SS and Gestapo; the courts; extent, effectiveness and limitations of opposition and non-conformity; propaganda: aims, methods and impact; extent of totalitarianism
- Social policies: young people; women; workers; the churches; the degree of Volksgemeinschaft; benefits and drawbacks of Nazi rule

Section five: The Racial State, 1933–1941

- Anti-Semitism: policies and actions towards the Jews, including the boycott of Jewish shops and the Nuremberg Laws
- The development of anti-Semitic policies and actions; the effect of the Anschluss; Reichkristallnacht; emigration; the impact of the war against Poland
- The treatment of Jews in the early years of war: the Einsatzgruppen; ghettos and deportations

Section six: the impact of War, 1939–1945

• Policies towards the Jews and the 'untermenschen' during wartime; the Wannsee Conference and the 'Final Solution'

END OF ADVANCE INFORMATION